Measure #275: Inflammatory Bowel Disease (IBD): Assessment of Hepatitis B Virus (HBV) Status Before Initiating Anti-TNF (Tumor Necrosis Factor) Therapy – National Quality Strategy Domain: Effective Clinical Care

2017 OPTIONS FOR INDIVIDUAL MEASURES:
REGISTRY ONLY

MEASURE TYPE:
Process

DESCRIPTION:
Percentage of patients aged 18 years and older with a diagnosis of inflammatory bowel disease (IBD) who had Hepatitis B Virus (HBV) status assessed and results interpreted within one year prior to receiving a first course of anti-TNF (tumor necrosis factor) therapy

INSTRUCTIONS:
This measure is to be reported a minimum of once per performance period for all patients with a diagnosis of inflammatory bowel disease seen during the performance period. This measure may be reported by eligible clinicians who perform the quality actions described in the measure based on the services provided and the measure-specific denominator coding.

Measure Reporting:
The listed denominator criteria is used to identify the intended patient population. The numerator options included in this specification are used to submit the quality actions allowed by the measure. The quality-data codes listed do not need to be submitted for registry-based submissions; however, these codes may be submitted for those registries that utilize claims data.

DENOMINATOR:
All patients aged 18 and older with a diagnosis of inflammatory bowel disease

Denominator Criteria (Eligible Cases):
Patients aged ≥ 18 years on date of encounter
AND
AND
Patient encounter during the performance period (CPT): 99201, 99202, 99203, 99204, 99205, 99212, 99213, 99214, 99215, 99341, 99342, 99343, 99344, 99345, 99347, 99348, 99349, 99350, 99406, 99407

NUMERATOR:
Patients who had HBV status assessed and results interpreted within one year prior to receiving a first course of anti-TNF therapy

Numerator Instructions: HBV status must be assessed by one of the following: HBsAG, HBsAG neutralization, HbcAb total, HbcAb IgM, HbsAB.

Definition:
First Course of anti-TNF therapy – the first (ever) course of anti-TNF therapy

Numerator Options:

Performance Met: Hepatitis B Virus (HBV) status assessed and results interpreted within one year prior to receiving a first course of anti-TNF (tumor necrosis factor) therapy (3517F)

OR

Performance Met: Patient has documented immunity to hepatitis B and is receiving a first course of anti-TNF therapy (G8869)

OR

Denominator Exception: Documented reason for not assessing Hepatitis B Virus (HBV) status (e.g. patient not receiving a first course of anti-TNF therapy, patient declined) within one year prior to first course of anti-TNF therapy (G9504)

OR

Performance Not Met: Hepatitis B Virus (HBV) status not assessed and results interpreted within one year prior to receiving a first course of anti-TNF (tumor necrosis factor) therapy, reason not otherwise specified (3517F with 8P)

RATIONALE:
Before initiating biologic anti-TNF therapy for a patient with IBD, it is essential to screen the patient for HBV, as research has documented reactivation of HBV after anti-TNF therapy. This is a patient safety measure.

Opportunity for improvement: While there are a limited number of studies that investigate gaps in care for patients with IBD, the research that does exist identifies opportunities for improvement in care areas: 1) there is a lack of adherence to documentation of HBV screening, most noticeably in the use of disease-modifying anti-TNF drugs, and variations in care by practice setting, geographic region and physician specialty.

See FDA package labeling for anti-TNF biological agents — golimumab, certolizumab pegol, infliximab and adalimumab.

Reactivation of hepatitis B virus has been reported in patients who are carriers of this virus and are taking TNF blocker medicines. (Kaiser T, Moessner J, McHutchison JG, Tillmann HG. Life threatening liver disease during treatment with monoclonal antibodies. BMJ. 2009;338:b508)

CLINICAL RECOMMENDATION STATEMENTS:

COPYRIGHT:
Physician Performance Measures (Measures) and related data specifications have been developed by the American Gastroenterological Association (AGA) Institute.

These performance Measures are not clinical guidelines and do not establish a standard of medical care, nor have been tested for all potential applications. Neither the AGA, any of its affiliates, the American Medical Association (AMA), the Physician Consortium for Performance Improvement (PCPI™), nor its members shall be responsible for any use of the Measures.

Measures are subject to review and may be revised or rescinded at any time by the AGA. The Measures may not be altered without the prior written approval of the AGA. Measures developed by the AGA, while copyrighted, can be reproduced and distributed, without modification, for noncommercial purposes, eg, use by health care providers in connection with their practices. Commercial use is defined as the sale, license, or distribution of the Measures for
commercial gain, or incorporation of the Measures into a product or service that is sold, licensed or distributed for commercial gain. Commercial uses of the Measures require a license agreement between the user and the AGA.

THE MEASURES AND SPECIFICATIONS ARE PROVIDED “AS IS” WITHOUT WARRANTY OF ANY KIND

2015 American Gastroenterological Association. All Rights Reserved.

Limited proprietary coding is contained in the Measure specifications for convenience. Users of the proprietary code sets should obtain all necessary licenses from the owners of these code sets. The AGA, its affiliates, AMA the PCPI and its members disclaim all liability for use or accuracy of any current procedural terminology (CPT) or other coding contained in the specifications. CPT® contained in the Measures specifications is copyright 2004.

2016 American Medical Association. LOINC is copyright 2016

2016 Regenstrief Institute, Inc. This material contains SNOMED Clinical Terms (SNOMED CT) copyright 2016 International Health Terminology Standards Development Organization. All Rights Reserved
#275: Inflammatory Bowel Disease (IBD): Assessment of Hepatitis B Virus (HBV) Status Before Initiating Anti-TNF (Tumor Necrosis Factor) Therapy

**2017 Registry Individual Measure Flow**

**Data Completeness**
- Performance Met (a^1+4 patients) + Denominator Exception (b=1 patient) + Performance Not Met (c=2 patients) + Eligible Population / Denominator (d=8 patients) = 7 patients = 87.50%

**Performance Rate**
- Performance Met (a^1+4 patients) / Data Completeness Numerator (7 patients) = 66.67%

*See the posted Measure Specification for specific coding and instructions to report this measure.

**SAMPLE CALCULATIONS:**

**NOTICE:** Reporting Frequency: Patient-process
2017 Registry Individual Measure Flow

#275 Inflammatory Bowel Disease (IBD): Assessment of Hepatitis B Virus (HBV) Status Before Initiating Anti-TNF (Tumor Necrosis Factor) Therapy

Please refer to the specific section of the Measure Specification to identify the denominator and numerator information for use in reporting this Individual Measure.

1. Start with Denominator

2. Check Patient Age:
   a. If the Age is greater than or equal to 18 years of age on Date of Service equals No during the measurement period, do not include in Eligible Patient Population. Stop Processing.
   b. If the Age is greater than or equal to 18 years of age on Date of Service equals Yes during the measurement period, proceed to check Patient Diagnosis.

3. Check Patient Diagnosis:
   a. If Diagnosis of Inflammatory Bowel Disease as Listed in the Denominator equals No, do not include in Eligible Patient Population. Stop Processing.
   b. If Diagnosis of Inflammatory Bowel Disease as Listed in the Denominator equals Yes, proceed to Check Encounter Performed.

4. Check Encounter Performed:
   a. If Encounter as Listed in the Denominator equals No, do not include in Eligible Patient Population. Stop Processing.
   b. If Encounter as Listed in the Denominator equals Yes, include in Eligible Population.

5. Denominator Population:
   a. Denominator population is all Eligible Patients in the denominator. Denominator is represented as Denominator in the Sample Calculation listed at the end of this document. Letter d equals 8 patients in the sample calculation.

6. Start Numerator

7. Check (HBV) Status Assessed and Results Interpreted Within 1 Year Prior to Receiving a First Course of Anti-TNF Therapy:
   a. If (HBV) Status Assessed and Results Interpreted Within 1 Year Prior to Receiving a First Course of Anti-TNF Therapy equals Yes, include in Data Completeness Met and Performance Met.
   b. Data Completeness Met and Performance Met is represented in the Data Completeness and Performance Rate in the Sample Calculation listed at the end of this document. Letter a1 equals 2 patients in Sample Calculation.
   c. If (HBV) Status Assessed and Results Interpreted Within 1 Year Prior to Receiving a First Course of Anti-TNF Therapy equals No, proceed to Check Patient has Documented Immunity to Hepatitis B and is Receiving a First Course of Anti-TNF Therapy.

8. Check Patient has Documented Immunity to Hepatitis B and is Receiving a First Course of Anti-TNF Therapy:
a. If Patient has Documented Immunity to Hepatitis B and is Receiving a First Course of Anti-TNF Therapy equals Yes, include in Data Completeness Met and Performance Met.

b. Data Completeness Met and Performance Met is represented in the Data Completeness and Performance Rate in the Sample Calculation listed at the end of this document. Letter \( a^2 \) equals 2 patients in the Sample Calculation.

c. If Patient has Documented Immunity to Hepatitis B and is Receiving a First Course of Anti-TNF Therapy equals No, proceed to check Documented Reason for Not Assessing Hepatitis B Virus (HBV) Status Within 1 Year Prior to Receiving a First Course of Anti-TNF Therapy.

9. Check Documented Reason for Not Assessing Hepatitis B Virus (HBV) Status Within 1 Year Prior to Receiving a First Course of Anti-TNF Therapy:

a. If Documented Reason for Not Assessing Hepatitis B Virus (HBV) Status Within 1 Year Prior to Receiving a First Course of Anti-TNF Therapy equals Yes, include in Data Completeness Met and Denominator Exception.

b. Data Completeness Met and Denominator Exception is represented in the Data Completeness and Performance Rate in the Sample Calculation listed at the end of this document. Letter \( b \) equals 1 patient in the Sample Calculation.

c. If Documented Reason for Not Assessing Hepatitis B Virus (HBV) Status Within 1 Year Prior to Receiving a First Course of Anti-TNF Therapy equals No, proceed to Check HBV Status Not Assessed and Results Interpreted Within 1 Year Prior to Receiving a First Course of Anti-TNF Therapy, Reason Not Specified.

10. Check HBV Status Not Assessed and Results Interpreted Within 1 Year Prior to Receiving a First Course of Anti-TNF Therapy, Reason Not Specified:

a. If HBV Status Not Assessed and Results Interpreted Within 1 Year Prior to Receiving a First Course of Anti-TNF Therapy, Reason Not Specified equals Yes, include in Data Completeness Met and Performance Not Met.

b. Data Completeness Met and Performance Not Met is represented in the Data Completeness and Performance Rate in the Sample Calculation listed at the end of this document. Letter \( c \) equals 2 patients in the Sample Calculation.

c. If HBV Status Not Assessed and Results Interpreted Within 1 Year Prior to Receiving a First Course of Anti-TNF Therapy, Reason Not Specified equals No, proceed to Data Completeness Not Met.

11. Check Data Completeness Not Met:

a. Data Completeness Not Met, the Quality Data Code or equivalent was not reported. 1 patient has been subtracted from the Data Completeness numerator in sample calculation.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>SAMPLE CALCULATIONS:</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Data Completeness Met</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Performance Rate</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

| Performance Rate      | Performance Met (a+b+c=4 patients) = 4 patients = 66.67% |
| Data Completeness Numerator | (7 patients) – Denominator Exception (b=1 patient) = 6 patients |