Measure #402: Tobacco Use and Help with Quitting Among Adolescents – National Quality Strategy

Domain: Community / Population Health

2017 OPTIONS FOR INDIVIDUAL MEASURES:
REGISTRY ONLY

MEASURE TYPE:
Process

DESCRIPTION:
The percentage of adolescents 12 to 20 years of age with a primary care visit during the measurement year for whom tobacco use status was documented and received help with quitting if identified as a tobacco user

INSTRUCTIONS:
This measure is to be reported once per performance period for patients seen during the performance period. This measure is intended to reflect the quality of services provided for preventive screening for tobacco use.

Measure Reporting:
The listed denominator criteria is used to identify the intended patient population. The numerator options included in this specification are used to submit the quality actions allowed by the measure. The quality-data codes listed do not need to be submitted for registry-based submissions; however, these codes may be submitted for those registries that utilize claims data.

DENOMINATOR:
All patients aged 12-20 years with a visit during the measurement period

Denominator Criteria (Eligible Cases):
Patients aged 12-20 years on date of encounter
AND
Patient encounter during the performance period (CPT or HCPCS): 90791, 90792, 90832, 90834, 90837, 90839, 90845, 92002, 92004, 92012, 92014, 96150, 96151, 96152, 97165, 97166, 97167, 97168, 99201, 99202, 99203, 99204, 99205, 99212, 99213, 99214, 99215, 99406, 99407, G0438, G0439

NUMERATOR:
Patients who were screened for tobacco use at least once within 18 months (during the measurement period or the six months prior to the measurement period) AND who received tobacco cessation counseling intervention if identified as a tobacco user

Definitions:
Tobacco Use Status – Any documentation of smoking or tobacco use status, including ‘never’ or ‘non-use’.
Tobacco User – Any documentation of active or current use of tobacco products, including smoking.

NUMERATOR NOTE: In the event that a patient is screened for tobacco use and identified as a user but did not receive tobacco cessation counseling report G9460.

Numerator Options:
Performance Met:
Patient documented as tobacco user AND received tobacco cessation intervention (must include at least one of the following: advice given to quit smoking or tobacco use, counseling on the benefits of quitting smoking or tobacco use, assistance with or referral to external smoking or tobacco cessation support programs, or...
current enrollment in smoking or tobacco use cessation program) if identified as a tobacco user (G9458)

OR

Performance Met:
Currently a tobacco non-user (G9459)

OR

Performance Not Met:
Tobacco assessment OR tobacco cessation intervention not performed, reason not given (G9460)

RATIONALE:
This measure is intended to promote adolescent tobacco screening and tobacco cessation interventions for those who use tobacco products. There is good evidence that tobacco screening and brief cessation intervention (including counseling and/or pharmacotherapy) is successful in helping tobacco users quit. Tobacco users who are able to stop smoking lower their risk for heart disease, lung disease, and stroke.

CLINICAL RECOMMENDATION STATEMENTS:
The following evidence statements are quoted verbatim from the referenced clinical guidelines:

The U.S. Preventive Services Task Force recommends that primary care clinicians provide interventions, including education or brief counseling, to prevent initiation of tobacco use in school-aged children and adolescents. (Strength of Recommendation = B) (U.S. Preventive Services Task Force, 2013)

All patients should be asked if they use tobacco and should have their tobacco use status documented on a regular basis. Evidence has shown that clinic screening systems, such as expanding the vital signs to include tobacco use status or the use of other reminder systems such as chart stickers or computer prompts, significantly increase rates of clinician intervention. (Strength of Evidence = A) (U.S. Department of Health and Human Services. Public Health Service, 2008)

All physicians should strongly advise every patient who smokes to quit because evidence shows that physician advice to quit smoking increases abstinence rates. (Strength of Evidence = A) (U.S. Department of Health and Human Services. Public Health Service, 2008)

Minimal interventions lasting less than 3 minutes increase overall tobacco abstinence rates. Every tobacco user should be offered at least a minimal intervention, whether or not he or she is referred to an intensive intervention. (Strength of Evidence = A) (U.S. Department of Health and Human Services. Public Health Service, 2008)

The combination of counseling and medication is more effective for smoking cessation than either medication or counseling alone. Therefore, whenever feasible and appropriate, both counseling and medication should be provided to patients trying to quit smoking. (Strength of Evidence = A) (U.S. Department of Health and Human Services. Public Health Service, 2008)

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2017 Registry Individual Measure Flow

#402: Tobacco Use and Help with Quitting Among Adolescents

**SAMPLE CALCULATIONS:**

Data Completeness = 
Performance Met (a1+a2=4 patients) + Performance Not Met (c=3 patients) = 7 patients = 87.50%

Eligible Population / Denominator (d=8 patients) = 8 patients

Performance Rate = 
Performance Met (a1+a2=4 patients) = 4 patients = 57.14%

Data Completeness Numerator: (7 patients) = 7 patients

*See the posted Measure Specification for specific coding and instructions to report this measure.

NOTE: Reporting Frequency: Patient-process
2017 Registry Individual Measure Flow
#402: Tobacco Use and Help with Quitting Among Adolescents

Please refer to the specific section of the Measure Specification to identify the denominator and numerator information for use in reporting this Individual Measure.

1. Start with Denominator

2. Check Patient Age:
   a. If Patients Age is 12-20 Years on Date of Encounter equals No during the measurement period, do not include in Eligible Patient Population. Stop Processing.
   b. If Patients Age is 12-20 Years on Date of Encounter equals Yes during the measurement period, proceed to check Encounter Performed.

3. Check Encounter Performed:
   a. If Encounter as Listed in the Denominator equals No, do not include in Eligible Patient Population. Stop Processing.
   b. If Encounter as Listed in the Denominator equals Yes, include in the Eligible population.

4. Denominator Population:
   a. Denominator population is all Eligible Patients in the denominator. Denominator is represented as Denominator in the Sample Calculation listed at the end of this document. Letter d equals 8 patients in the sample calculation.

5. Start Numerator

6. Check Patient Documented Tobacco User AND Received Tobacco Cessation Intervention if Identified as a Tobacco User:
   a. If Patient Documented Tobacco User AND Received Tobacco Cessation Intervention if identified as a Tobacco User equals Yes, include in Data Completeness Met and Performance Met.
   b. Data Completeness Met and Performance Met letter is represented as Data Completeness and Performance Rate in the Sample Calculation listed at the end of this document. Letter a1 equals 2 patients in Sample Calculation.
   c. If Patient Documented Tobacco User AND Received Tobacco Cessation Intervention if identified as a Tobacco User equals No, proceed to Currently a Tobacco Non-User.

7. Check Currently a Tobacco Non-User:
   a. If Currently a Tobacco Non-User equals Yes, include in Data Completeness Met and Performance Met.
   b. Data Completeness Met and Performance Met letter is represented as Data Completeness and Performance Rate in the Sample Calculation listed at the end of this document. Letter a2 equals 2 patients in Sample Calculation.
   c. If Currently a Tobacco Non-User equals No, proceed to Tobacco Assessment or Tobacco Cessation Intervention Not Performed, Reason Not Given.

8. Check Tobacco Assessment or Tobacco Cessation Intervention Not Performed, Reason Not Given:
a. If Tobacco Assessment or Tobacco Cessation Intervention Not Performed, Reason Not Given equals Yes, include in the Data Completeness Met and Performance Not Met.

b. Data Completeness Met and Performance Not Met letter is represented as Data Completeness in the Sample Calculation listed at the end of this document. Letter c equals 3 patients in the Sample Calculation.

c. If Tobacco Assessment or Tobacco Cessation Intervention Not Performed, Reason Not Given equals No, proceed to Data Completeness Not Met.

9. Check Data Completeness Not Met:

   a. If Data Completeness Not Met, Quality Data Code or equivalent was not reported. 1 patient has been subtracted from Data Completeness numerator in the sample calculation.

### SAMPLE CALCULATIONS:

**Data Completeness**

\[
\text{Data Completeness} = \frac{\text{Performance Met (a) + Performance Not Met (c)}}{\text{Eligible Population (d)}}
\]

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Performance Met</th>
<th>Performance Not Met (c)</th>
<th>Eligible Population (d)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>4 patients</td>
<td>3 patients</td>
<td>8 patients</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

\[
\text{Data Completeness} = \frac{4 + 3}{8} = \frac{7}{8} = 87.50\%
\]

**Performance Rate**

\[
\text{Performance Rate} = \frac{\text{Performance Met (a)}}{\text{Data Completeness Numerator (7 patients)}}
\]

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Performance Met</th>
<th>Data Completeness Numerator</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>4 patients</td>
<td>7 patients</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

\[
\text{Performance Rate} = \frac{4}{7} = 57.14\%
\]