Measure #435: Quality of Life Assessment For Patients With Primary Headache Disorders – National Quality Strategy Domain: Effective Clinical Care

2017 OPTIONS FOR INDIVIDUAL MEASURES:
REGISTRY ONLY

MEASURE TYPE:
Outcome

DESCRIPTION:
Percentage of patients with a diagnosis of primary headache disorder whose health related quality of life (HRQoL) was assessed with a tool(s) during at least two visits during the 12 month measurement period AND whose health related quality of life score stayed the same or improved

INSTRUCTIONS:
This measure is to be reported at least once per performance period for patients with a diagnosis of primary headache during the performance period. This measure may be reported by eligible clinicians who perform the quality actions described in the measure based on the services provided and the measure-specific denominator coding.

Measure Reporting:
The listed denominator criteria is used to identify the intended patient population. The numerator options included in this specification are used to submit the quality actions allowed by the measure. The quality-data codes listed do not need to be submitted for registry-based submissions; however, these codes may be submitted for those registries that utilize claims data.

DENOMINATOR:
All patients with a diagnosis of primary headache disorder

**Denominator Criteria (Eligible Cases):**
Diagnosis for Primary Headache (ICD-10-CM): G43.001, G43.009, G43.011, G43.019, G43.101, G43.109, G43.111, G43.119, G43.401, G43.409, G43.411, G43.419, G43.501, G43.509, G43.511, G43.519, G43.701, G43.709, G43.711, G43.B0, G43.B1, G43.C0, G43.C1, G43.801, G43.809, G43.811, G43.819, G43.901, G43.909, G43.911, G43.919, G44.001, G44.009, G44.011, G44.019, G44.021, G44.029, G44.031, G44.039, G44.041, G44.049, G44.051, G44.059, G44.091, G44.099, G44.1, G44.201, G44.209, G44.211, G44.219, G44.221, G44.229, G44.51, G44.52, G44.53, G44.59, G44.81, G44.83, G44.85, G44.89
AND
Encounter during the performance period (CPT): 99201, 99202, 99203, 99204, 99205, 99209, 99212, 99213, 99214, 99215, 99304, 99305, 99306, 99307, 99308, 99309, 99310, 99324, 99325, 99326, 99327, 99328, 99334, 99335, 99336, 99337, 99341, 99342, 99343, 99344, 99345, 99347, 99348, 99349, 99350
WITHOUT
Telehealth Modifier: GQ, GT
AND
At Least Two Visits during the performance period

NUMERATOR:
Patient whose health related quality of life was assessed with a tool(s) during at least two visits during the 12 month measurement period AND whose health related quality of life score stayed the same or improved

**NUMERATOR NOTE:** The two assessments must be separated by at least 90 days for MIDAS and at least 4 weeks for any other tool. It is expected that the QoL score or ranking will stay the same or improve in order for this measure to be successfully completed.
**Numerator Options:**

**Performance Met:**

Health-related quality of life assessed with tool during at least two visits and quality of life score remained the same or improved (G9634)

**OR**

**Denominator Exception:**

Health-related quality of life not assessed with tool for documented reason(s) (e.g., patient has a cognitive or neuropsychiatric impairment that impairs his/her ability to complete the HRQoL survey, patient has the inability to read and/or write in order to complete the HRQoL questionnaire) (G9635)

**OR**

**Performance Not Met:**

Health-related quality of life not assessed with tool during at least two visits or quality of life score declined (G9636)

**RATIONALE:**

This measure establishes an initial or baseline QoL score from which the patient should use the same QoL tool/questionnaire at least one additional time during the measurement period. The two assessments must be separated by at least 90 days for MIDAS and at least 4 weeks for any other tool. It is expected that the QoL score or ranking will stay the same or improve in order for this measure to be successfully completed.

**Gap in Care**

Migraine impacts a person’s function in different activity domains during attacks. HRQoL is affected both during and after attacks. Migraine reduces HRQoL more than osteoarthritis or diabetes. In the US and UK, subjects with migraine had lower scores (p < 0.001) on both the Mental Component Score (MCS-12) and Physical Component Score (PCS-12) than their non-migraine counterparts. Significant differences were maintained after controlling for gender, age, and education. Migraine and depression were highly correlated (adjusted prevalence ratio 2.7, 95% CI 2.1 to 3.5). Further, migraine and depression are highly associated with attack frequency (for MCS-12 and PCS-12) and disability (MCS-12). Subjects with migraine selected from the general population have lower HRQoL as measured by the Short Form (SF-morbid) and each exerts a significant and independent influence on HRQoL.

**Opportunity for Improvement**

This is the first clinician level patient reported outcome measure (PROM) focused on maintaining or improving the QoL of patients with primary headache disorders. The Work Group felt that even though the majority evidence is focused on migraine that patients with other primary headache disorders could greatly benefit from the utilization of this measure.

The use of PROMs to investigate levels of disability and HRQoL are increasingly being used in headache services research. HRQoL and disability are positively impacted by treatment interventions. Health care professionals often do not recognize the degree and the scope of functional impairment imposed by migraines. There is a missed opportunity for clinicians to effectively communicate with the patient to understand their headache-related disability and appropriately prescribe acute, prophylactic, or biobehavioral treatments. This measure has the potential to reduce personal and societal costs of headache disorders offering a continuity of care.


CLINICAL RECOMMENDATION STATEMENTS:
Discuss the benefits and risks of prophylactic treatment for migraine with the person, taking into account the person's preference, comorbidities, risk of adverse events and the impact of the headache on their QoL. (No level of evidence) 1

Compared with people without headache and to people with other chronic conditions, people with headache report compromised physical, mental, and social functioning, particularly those with a high frequency of attack. People with headache reported diminished functioning and well-being on all eight domains as compared with people without headache. 2

1 NICE Headaches: Diagnosis and management of headaches in young people and adults. National Clinical Guideline Centre on behalf of the National Institute for Health and Clinical Excellence (NICE) September 2012; NICE clinical guideline 150


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2017 Registry Individual Measure Flow
#435: Quality of Life Assessment For Patients With Primary Headache Disorders

Data Completeness =
\[
\text{Performance Met (a=4 patients)} + \text{Denominator Exception (b=1 patient)} + \text{Performance Not Met (c=2 patients)} = 7 \text{ patients}, \quad \frac{= 87.50\%}{\text{Eligible Population / Denominator (d=8 patients)}} = 8 \text{ patients}
\]

Performance Rate =
\[
\frac{\text{Data Completeness Numerator (a=4 patients)} - \text{Denominator Exception (b=1 patient)}}{6} = 4 \text{ patients}, \quad \frac{= 66.66\%}{6 \text{ patients}}
\]

*See the posted Measure Specification for specific coding and instructions to report this measure.

NOTE: Reporting Frequency: Patient-intermediate

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The measure diagrams were developed by CMS as a supplemental resource to be used in conjunction with the measure specifications. They should not be used alone or as a substitution for the measure specification.
2017 Registry Individual Measure Flow

#435: Quality of Life Assessment For Patients With Primary Headache Disorders

Please refer to the specific section of the Measure Specification to identify the denominator and numerator information for use in reporting this Individual Measure.

1. Start with Denominator

2. Check Patient Diagnosis:
   a. If Diagnosis for Primary Headache as Listed in the Denominator equals No, do not include in Eligible Patient Population. Stop Processing.
   b. If Diagnosis for Primary Headache as Listed in the Denominator equals Yes, proceed to check Current Encounter Performed.

3. Check Encounter Performed:
   a. If Encounter as Listed in the Denominator equals No, do not include in Eligible Patient Population. Stop Processing.
   b. If Encounter as Listed in the Denominator equals Yes, proceed to check Telehealth Modifier.

4. Check Telehealth Modifier:
   a. If Telehealth Modifier equals Yes, do not include in Eligible Patient Population. Stop Processing.
   b. If Telehealth Modifier equals No, proceed to check At Least Two Visits During the Performance Period.

5. Check At Least Two Visits During the Performance Period:
   a. If At Least Two Visits During the Performance Period equals No, do not include in Eligible Patient Population. Stop Processing.
   b. If At Least Two Visits During the Performance Period equals Yes, include in Eligible Population.

6. Denominator Population:
   a. Denominator population is all Eligible Patients in the denominator. Denominator is represented as Denominator in the Sample Calculation listed at the end of this document. Letter d equals 8 patients in the sample calculation.

7. Start Numerator

8. Check Health-Related Quality of Life Assessed With Tool During at Least Two Visits And Quality of Life Score Remained the Same Or Improved:
   a. If Health-Related Quality of Life Assessed With Tool During at Least Two Visits And Quality of Life Score Remained the Same Or Improved equals Yes, include in Data Completeness Met and Performance Met.
   b. Data Completeness Met and Performance Met is represented in the Data Completeness and Performance Rate in the Sample Calculation listed at the end of this document. Letter a equals 4 patients in Sample Calculation.
c. If Health-Related Quality of Life Assessed With Tool During at Least Two Visits And Quality of Life Score Remained the Same Or Improved equals No, proceed to Health-Related Quality of Life Not Assessed With Tool for Documented Reason(s).

9. Check Health-Related Quality of Life Not Assessed With Tool for Documented Reason(s):
   a. If Health-Related Quality of Life Not Assessed With Tool for Documented Reason(s) equals Yes, include in Data Completeness Met and Denominator Exception.
   
   b. Data Completeness Met and Denominator Exception is represented in the Data Completeness and Performance Rate in the Sample Calculation listed at the end of this document. Letter b equals 1 patient in the Sample Calculation.
   
   c. If Health-Related Quality of Life Not Assessed With Tool for Documented Reason(s) equals No, proceed to Health-Related Quality of Life Not Assessed with Tool During at Least Two Visits or Quality of Life Score Declined.

10. Check Health-Related Quality of Life Not Assessed with Tool During at Least Two Visits or Quality of Life Score Declined:
    a. If Health-Related Quality of Life Not Assessed with Tool During at Least Two Visits or Quality of Life Score Declined equals Yes, include in Data Completeness Met and Performance Not Met.
    
    b. Data Completeness Met and Performance Not Met is represented in the Data Completeness in the Sample Calculation listed at the end of this document. Letter c equals 2 patients in the Sample Calculation.
    
    c. If Health-Related Quality of Life Not Assessed with Tool During at Least Two Visits or Quality of Life Score Declined equals No, proceed to Data Completeness Not Met

11. Check Data Completeness Not Met:
    a. If Data Completeness Not Met equals No, Quality Data Code or equivalent not reported. 1 patient has been subtracted from the data completeness numerator in the sample calculation.

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**SAMPLE CALCULATIONS:**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Data Completeness=</th>
<th>Performance Met (a=4 patients) + Denominator Exception (b=1 patient) + Performance Not Met (c=2 patients) = 7 patients = 87.50%</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Eligible Population / Denominator (d=6 patients) = 8 patients</td>
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</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Performance Rate=</th>
<th>Performance Met (a=4 patients) = 4 patients = 66.66%</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Data Completeness Numerator (7 patients) – Denominator Exception (b=1 patient) = 6 patients</td>
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