Quality ID #422 (CBE 2063): Performing Cystoscopy at the Time of Hysterectomy for Pelvic Organ Prolapse to Detect Lower Urinary Tract Injury

2024 COLLECTION TYPE:

MIPS CLINICAL QUALITY MEASURES (CQMS)

MEASURE TYPE:

Process – High Priority

DESCRIPTION:

Percentage of patients who undergo cystoscopy to evaluate for lower urinary tract injury at the time of hysterectomy for pelvic organ prolapse.

INSTRUCTIONS:

This measure is to be submitted <u>each time</u> a procedure is performed during the performance period for patients who undergo a hysterectomy for pelvic organ prolapse. This measure may be submitted by Merit- based Incentive Payment System (MIPS) eligible clinicians who perform the quality actions described in the measure based on the services provided and the measure-specific denominator coding.

Measure Submission Type:

Measure data may be submitted by individual MIPS eligible clinicians, groups, or third-party intermediaries. The listed denominator criteria are used to identify the intended patient population. The numerator options included in this specification are used to submit the quality actions as allowed by the measure. The quality data codes listed do not need to be submitted by MIPS eligible clinicians, groups, or third-party intermediaries that utilize this modality for submissions; however, these codes may be submitted for those third-party intermediaries that utilize Medicare Part B claims data. For more information regarding Application Programming Interface (API), please refer to the Quality Payment Program (QPP) website.

DENOMINATOR:

All patients undergoing hysterectomy for pelvic organ prolapse

Denominator Criteria (Eligible Cases):

All patients, regardless of age

AND

Diagnosis for Pelvic Organ Prolapse (ICD-10-CM): N81.10, N81.11, N81.12, N81.2, N81.3, N81.4, N81.89, N81.9

AND

Patient procedure during the performance period (CPT): 58150, 58152, 58180, 58260, 58262, 58263, 58267, 58270, 58275, 58280, 58290, 58291, 58292, 58294, 58541, 58542, 58543, 58544, 58550, 58552, 58553, 58554, 58570, 58571, 58572, 58573

WITHOUT

Telehealth Modifier (including but not limited to): GQ, GT, 95, POS 02, POS 10

NUMERATOR:

Patients in whom an intraoperative cystoscopy was performed to evaluate for lower urinary tract injury at the time of hysterectomy for pelvic organ prolapse

Numerator Options:

Performance Met:

Intraoperative cystoscopy performed to evaluate for lower tract injury (G9606)

OR

Denominator Exception: Documented medical reasons for not performing

intraoperative cystoscopy (e.g., urethral pathology precluding cystoscopy, any patient who has a congenital or acquired absence of the urethra) or in the case of patient

death (G9607)

OR

Performance Not Met: Intraoperative cystoscopy not performed to evaluate for

lower tract injury (G9608)

RATIONALE:

Lower urinary tract (bladder and/or ureter(s)) injury is a common complication of prolapse repair surgery, occurring in up to 5% of patients. Delay in detection of lower urinary tract injury has an estimated cost of \$54,000 per injury (Visco et al), with significant morbidity for patients who experience them. Universal cystoscopy may detect up to 97% of all injuries at the time of surgery (Ibeanu et al, 2009), resulting in the prevention of significant morbidity and providing significant cost savings (over \$108 million per year).

There is a gap in the performance of cystoscopy at the time of hysterectomy for pelvic organ prolapse. In a recent study we found that only 84.5% (539/638) of surgeons performed cystoscopy at the time of hysterectomy for pelvic organ prolapse. As many as 97% of high volume surgeons performed a cystoscopy at the time of hysterectomy for pelvic organ prolapse while low volume surgeons performed this procedure only 75% of the time (p<.001).

CLINICAL RECOMMENDATION STATEMENTS:

It is strongly recommended to perform cystoscopy at the conclusion of any hysterectomy done for an indication that includes uterovaginal prolapse. The cystoscopy must assess for and document at a minimum the integrity of the bladder as well as patency of the ureters.

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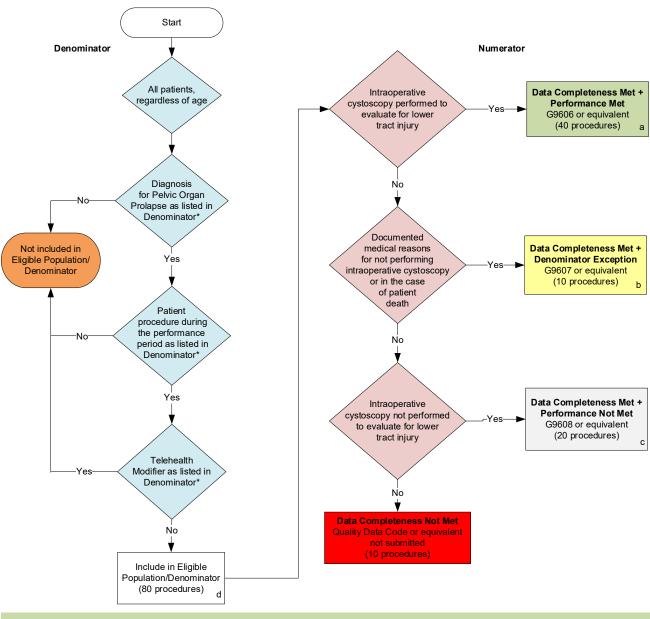
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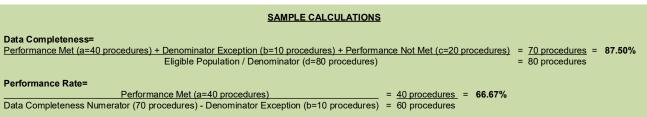
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2024 Clinical Quality Measure Flow for Quality ID #422 (CBE 2063): Performing Cystoscopy at the Time of Hysterectomy for Pelvic Organ Prolapse to Detect Lower Urinary Tract Injury

Disclaimer: Refer to the measure specification for specific coding and instructions to submit this measure.





^{*}See the posted measure specification for specific coding and instructions to submit this measure.

NOTE: Submission Frequency: Procedure

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2024 Clinical Quality Measure Flow Narrative for Quality ID #422 (CBE 2063): Performing Cystoscopy at the Time of Hysterectomy for Pelvic Organ Prolapse to Detect Lower Urinary Tract Injury

Disclaimer: Refer to the measure specification for specific coding and instructions to submit this measure.

- 1. Start with Denominator
- 2. Check All patients, regardless of age
- 3. Check Diagnosis for Pelvic Organ Prolapse as listed in the Denominator*:
 - a. If Diagnosis for Pelvic Organ Prolapse as listed in the Denominator* equals No, do not include in Eligible Population/Denominator. Stop processing.
 - b. If Diagnosis for Pelvic Organ Prolapse as listed in the Denominator* equals Yes, proceed to check Patient procedure during the performance period as listed in Denominator*.
- 4. Check Patient procedure during the performance period as listed in Denominator*:
 - a. If Patient procedure during the performance period as listed in Denominator* equals No, do not include in Eligible Population/Denominator. Stop processing.
 - b. If Patient procedure during the performance period as listed in Denominator* equals Yes, check Telehealth Modifier as listed in Denominator*.
- 5. Check Telehealth Modifier as listed in Denominator*:
 - a. If *Telehealth Modifier as listed in Denominator** equals Yes, do not include in *Eligible Population/Denominator*. Stop processing.
 - b. If Telehealth Modifier as listed in Denominator* equals No, include in Eligible Population/Denominator.
- 6. Denominator Population:
 - Denominator Population is all Eligible Procedures in the Denominator. Denominator is represented as Denominator in the Sample Calculation listed at the end of this document. Letter d equals 80 procedures in the Sample Calculation.
- 7. Start Numerator
- 8. Check Intraoperative cystoscopy performed to evaluate for lower tract injury:
 - a. If Intraoperative cystoscopy performed to evaluate for lower tract injury equals Yes, include in Data Completeness Met and Performance Met.
 - Data Completeness Met and Performance Met letter is represented in the Data Completeness and Performance Rate in the Sample Calculation listed at the end of this document. Letter a equals 40 procedures in the Sample Calculation.
 - b. If Intraoperative cystoscopy performed to evaluate for lower tract injury equals No, proceed to check Documented medical reasons for not performing intraoperative cystoscopy or in the case of patient death.
- 9. Check Documented medical reasons for not performing intraoperative cystoscopy or in the case of patient death:

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- a. If Documented medical reasons for not performing intraoperative cystoscopy or in the case of patient death equals Yes, include in Data Completeness Met and Denominator Exception.
 - Data Completeness Met and Denominator Exception letter is represented in the Data Completeness and Performance Rate in the Sample Calculation listed at the end of this document. Letter b equals 10 procedures in the Sample Calculation.
- b. If Documented medical reasons for not performing intraoperative cystoscopy or in the case of patient death equals No, proceed to check Intraoperative cystoscopy not performed to evaluate lower tract injury.
- 10. Check Intraoperative cystoscopy not performed to evaluate for lower tract injury:
 - a. If Intraoperative cystoscopy not performed to evaluate for lower tract injury equals Yes, include in Data Completeness Met and Performance Not Met.
 - Data Completeness Met and Performance Not Met letter is represented in the Data Completeness in the Sample Calculation listed at the end of this document. Letter c equals 20 procedures in the Sample Calculation.
 - b. If Intraoperative cystoscopy not performed to evaluate for lower tract injury equals No, proceed to check Data Completeness Not Met.
- 11. Check Data Completeness Not Met:
 - If Data Completeness Not Met, the Quality Data Code or equivalent was not submitted. 10 procedures have been subtracted from the Data Completeness Numerator in the Sample Calculation.

Sample Calculations

Data Completeness equals Performance Met (a equals 40 procedures) plus Denominator Exception (b equals 10 procedures) plus Performance Not Met (c equals 20 procedures) divided by Eligible Population/Denominator (d equals 80 procedures). All equals 70 procedures divided by 80 procedures. All equals 87.50 percent.

Performance Rate equals Performance Met (a equals 40 procedures) divided by Data Completeness Numerator (70 procedures) minus Denominator Exception (b equals 10 procedures). All equals 40 procedures divided by 60 procedures. All equals 66.67 percent.

*See the posted measure specification for specific coding and instructions to submit this measure.

NOTE: Submission Frequency: Procedure

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